

# Design and Implementation of a Coverage-Guided Ruby Fuzzer

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What do these have in common?



# About me

- **Staff Security Engineer @ Trail of Bits**
- **Background in software engineering and security research**
- **Interested in automated analyses, fuzzing, etc.**
  - “Make the computer sweat, so you don’t have to”
  - Secret ingredient: software usability and ergonomics matter



# Fuzzing

- **Dynamic testing methodology to detect security issues and bugs**
  - Throw “random” data at a program and look for crashes
- **Find bugs in software that processes untrusted input**
  - Impact: denial-of-service, remote code execution, logic bugs, etc.
- **Proven track record**
  - Google’s OSS-Fuzz: over 10,000 vulnerabilities and 36,000 bugs
  - American Fuzzy Lop (AFL): thousands of vulnerabilities and bugs
  - rust-fuzz: hundreds of vulnerabilities and bugs



# Ruby Fuzzing

- **C/C++ have libFuzzer and AFL, Go has testing. F, Python has Atheris, Java has Jazzer, JavaScript has jazzer.js, etc.**
- **Ruby is lacking a modern, easy to use, well-integrated fuzzer**
- **The building blocks are available (libFuzzer, Ruby Coverage module)**
  - We just have to assemble them in a usable manner



# Existing Ruby Fuzzers

	<b>Fuzzer</b>	<b>Pure Ruby Coverage</b>	<b>C Extension Coverage</b>	<b>Coverage-Guided</b>	<b>Last Activity</b>
<b>kisaten</b>	AFL	Yes	No	Yes	October 2018
<b>afl-ruby</b>	AFL	Yes	No	Yes	December 2020
<b>FuzzBert</b>	custom	Yes	Yes	No	August 2019
<b>Ruzzy</b>	libFuzzer	Yes	Yes	Yes	May 2024



# Ruzzy Design Overview

- Open source
- Inspired by Atheris
- Support for pure Ruby and Ruby C extensions
- Integrated with the libFuzzer ecosystem
- Coverage-guided fuzzing

## Google Open Source Blog

The latest news from Google on open source releases, major projects, events, and student outreach programs.

### Announcing the Atheris Python Fuzzer

Friday, December 4, 2020

Fuzz testing is a well-known technique for uncovering programming errors. Many of these detectable errors have serious security implications. Google has found thousands of security vulnerabilities and other bugs using this technique. [Fuzzing](#) is traditionally used on native languages such as C or C++, but last year, we built a new Python fuzzing engine. **Today, we're releasing the Atheris fuzzing engine as open source.**

What can Atheris do?

**Atheris can be used to automatically find bugs in Python code and native extensions.** Atheris is a "coverage-guided" fuzzer, which means that Atheris will repeatedly try various inputs to your program while watching how it executes, and try to find interesting paths.

<https://opensource.googleblog.com/2020/12/announcing-atheris-python-fuzzer.html>



# Pure Ruby

```
puts "Hello world!"
```

# Ruby C Extensions

```
#include <ruby.h>

void Init_my_c_ext(void)
{
    ID id_puts = rb_intern("puts");
    VALUE hello_world_str = rb_str_new_cstr("Hello world!");
    rb_funcall(rb_mKernel, id_puts, 1, hello_world_str);
}
```

```
require "my_c_ext"
```



# Pure Ruby Fuzzing Target

```
require 'ruddy'  
  
Ruddy.trace('test_harness.rb')
```

*test\_tracer.rb*

```
require 'ruddy'  
  
def fuzzing_target(input)  
  if input.length == 4  
    if input[0] == 'F'  
      if input[1] == 'U'  
        if input[2] == 'Z'  
          if input[3] == 'Z'  
            raise  
          end  
        end  
      end  
    end  
  end  
end  
  
test_one_input = lambda do |data|  
  fuzzing_target(data)  
  return 0  
end  
  
Ruddy.fuzz(test_one_input)
```

*test\_harness.rb*



```
$ LD_PRELOAD=$(ruby -e 'require "ruddy"; print Ruddy::ASAN_PATH') ruddy test_tracer.rb

INFO: Running with entropic power schedule (0xFF, 100).
INFO: Seed: 2311041000
...
/app/ruddy/bin/test_harness.rb:12:in `block in ': unhandled exception
  from /var/lib/gems/3.1.0/gems/ruddy-0.7.0/lib/ruddy.rb:15:in `c_fuzz'
  from /var/lib/gems/3.1.0/gems/ruddy-0.7.0/lib/ruddy.rb:15:in `fuzz'
  from /app/ruddy/bin/test_harness.rb:35:in `
  from bin/test_tracer.rb:7:in `require_relative'
  from bin/test_tracer.rb:7:in `
,
...
SUMMARY: libFuzzer: fuzz target exited
MS: 1 CopyPart-; base unit: 24b4b428cf94c21616893d6f94b30398a49d27cc
0x46,0x55,0x5a,0x5a,
FUZZ
artifact_prefix='./'; Test unit written to ./crash-aea2e3923af219a8956f626558ef32f30a914ebc
Base64: RlVaWg==
```



# Ruby C Extension Fuzzing Target

```
def dummy_test_one_input(data)

  require 'dummy/dummy'

  c_dummy_test_one_input(data)

end

def dummy

  fuzz(->(data) { dummy_test_one_input(data) })

end
```

*ruddy.rb*

```
static int _c_dummy_test_one_input(const uint8_t *data, size_t size)
{
  volatile char boom = 'x';

  if (size == 2) {
    if (data[0] == 'H') {
      if (data[1] == 'I') {
        char * volatile ptr = malloc(128);
        ptr[0] = 'x';
        free(ptr);
        boom = ptr[0];
        (void) boom;
      }
    }
  }

  return 0;
}
```

*dummy/dummy.c*



```
$ export ASAN_OPTIONS="allocator_may_return_null=1:detect_leaks=0:use_sigaltstack=0"
```

```
$ LD_PRELOAD=$(ruby -e 'require "ruddy"; print Ruddy::ASAN_PATH') \
```

```
  ruby -e 'require "ruddy"; Ruddy.dummy'
```

```
INFO: Running with entropic power schedule (0xFF, 100).
```

```
INFO: Seed: 2527961537
```

```
...
```

```
==45==ERROR: AddressSanitizer: heap-use-after-free on address 0x50c0009bab80 at pc 0xffff99ea1b44 bp  
0xffffce8a67d0 sp 0xffffce8a67c8
```

```
...
```

```
SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: heap-use-after-free /var/lib/gems/3.1.0/gems/ruddy-0.7.0/ext/dummy/dummy.c:18:24  
in _c_dummy_test_one_input
```

```
...
```

```
==45==ABORTING
```

```
MS: 4 EraseBytes-CopyPart-CopyPart-ChangeBit-; base unit: 410e5346bca8ee150ffd507311dd85789f2e171e  
0x48,0x49,
```

```
HI
```

```
artifact_prefix='./'; Test unit written to ./crash-253420c1158bc6382093d409ce2e9cff5806e980
```

```
Base64: SEk=
```

# Evaluation and Use Cases

- **Evaluation and Preliminary Results**
  - Evaluated against 15 Ruby libraries
  - Found 4 bugs and unexpected crashes
- **Potential Use Cases**
  - Strong: parsers, decoders, deserializers, etc.
  - Weak: stateful applications, network services, UIs



# Ruby libraries tested

GitHub search query: “lang:ruby path:extconf.rb NOT is:archived”

<https://github.com/cabo/cbor-ruby>  
<https://github.com/emancu/toml-rb>  
<https://github.com/flori/json>  
<https://github.com/jgarber/redcloth>  
<https://github.com/k0kubun/hamlit>  
<https://github.com/kgiszczak/tomlib>  
<https://github.com/mongodb/bson-ruby>  
<https://github.com/msgpack/msgpack-ruby>  
<https://github.com/ohler55/ox>  
[https://github.com/puma/puma/tree/master/ext/puma\\_http11](https://github.com/puma/puma/tree/master/ext/puma_http11)  
<https://github.com/ruby/erb>  
<https://github.com/ruby/openssl>  
<https://github.com/ruby/rdoc>  
<https://github.com/ruby/zlib>  
<https://github.com/slim-template/slim>



# Future Work

- **Currently integrating with Google's OSS-Fuzz**
- **Improve Ruby interpreter coverage-guidance support**
- **Share work with the Ruby community and fuzz prominent Ruby gems**
- **Fix bugs and support additional functionality**
  - Fuzzed data providers for supporting custom protocols (JSON, YAML, etc.)



# Design and Implementation of a Coverage-Guided Ruby Fuzzer

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